



MAY: USES

(Modal Verb)

PERMISSION

We use may to ask for, give and refuse permission. It is quite formal.

asking for permission	giving permission	refusing permission
May I leave the room?	Yes, you may .	No, you may not.
May we use your phone?	Yes, you may .	No, you may not.

Can, could and *may* are all used to ask for permission. *May* is the most formal/polite and *could* is more formal and polite than *can*.

POSSIBILITY

We use *may* to refer to weak possibility in the present and future:

- The economy **may** go up or down in the next year. (I think both are possible, the economy going up or the economy going down. I am not making either one a strong possibility.)
- I think I may go to the doctor today and try to get some antibiotics. (I am not very sure yet if I will go to the doctor.)

GENERAL TRUTHS

We use *may* in formal writing, especially academic English, to describe things which the speaker thinks are generally true or possible. In this case, it is a more formal equivalent of *can*.

<u>WISH</u>

Used to introduce a wish or a hope:



• May you have a long and fruitful marriage.

SUGGESTION

Used to make a suggestion or suggest a possibility in a polite way:

• You may want to have a bite to eat before you leave.

ACCEPTING A DIFFERENT VIEW OR OPINION

We use *may* in formal writing, especially academic English, to describe things which the speaker thinks are generally true or possible. In this case, it is a more formal equivalent of *can*.

- One month **may** well be too long to go away on holiday.
- I may be wrong but I am going to tell the police about it.
- The couch **may** well cost more but it's going to be different.

MAY: FORMS

AFFIRMATIVE

May comes first in the verb phrase (after the subject and before another verb):

• It **may** be possible for him to get home tonight.

May can't be used with another modal verb:

• This **may** hurt you.

Not: This may could hurt you. or This could may hurt you.

NEGATIVE

The negative form of *may* is *may not*. We don't use *don't*/doesn't/didn't with *may*:

• We may not have enough information at the moment.

Not: We don't may have enough information at the moment.

Warning:

We don't use *mayn't* as the contracted form of *may not*:

• We may not yet know what is safe to eat.



Not: We mayn't yet know what is safe to eat.

QUESTION

Warning:

The subject and *may* change position to form questions. We don't use do/does/did:

• May we drop you at your hotel?

Not: Do we may drop you at your hotel?

• May I leave the room, please?

Not: Do I may leave the room please?

