Prof^a: LILIAN – Folha Extra de Inglês – CN/EPCA

INGLÊS

TEST 2 – Simple past x Past continuous Choose the correct answer:		Each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked
	(C) used to called	word or phrase that is NOT CORRECT.
(B) calls	(D) calling	12. <u>Why(A) did(B)</u> you <u>called(C)</u> him <u>last week(D)</u> ?
2. Sara didn,t hear the phone. She		13. They <u>were(A)</u> watching TV <u>while(B)</u> I <u>were(C)</u>
	(C) used to sleep	<u>reading(D)</u> .
(B) slept	(D) was sleeping	
		14. What <u>are(A)</u> you <u>doing(B)</u> <u>last night(C)</u> <u>at(D)</u> 8:00?
	a lot of people in the park yesterday.	
(A) are		15. The doctor <u>called(A)</u> this morning(B) while(C) you
(B) is	(D) were	<u>slept(D)</u> .
4. Where	to school?	16. It <u>was(A) no(B) raining(C)</u> when the game <u>began(D)</u> .
(A) did you go	o (C) you go	
(B) you did go	o (D) you went	17. Paul <u>was(A)</u> <u>drying(B)</u> the dishes <u>when(C)</u> he <u>was</u> <u>dropping(D)</u> the plate.
5. Claude did	n't in Canada.	
(A) lived	(C) used to live	18. <u>As soon as(A)</u> the alarm clock rang(B), she woke
(B) use to live	e (D) used to living	up(C) and was getting(D) out of bed.
6. Rick left	class early because he a	19. <u>While(A)</u> I <u>driving(B)</u> home, I <u>turned on(C)</u> the car
headache.		radio and <u>heard(D)</u> about the accident.
(A) had	(C) used to have	
(B) have	(D) was having	20. What <u>do(A)</u> you <u>do(B)</u> <u>while(C)</u> you <u>were living(D)</u> in Spain?
7. As soon a	s the light turned red, she the	
car.		21. Pete and Andy were(A) driving(B) to work when(C)
(A) did stop	(C) stops	they <u>were seeing(D)</u> .
(B) stopped	(D) was stopping	
o -		Texto 1
	when the fire alarm rang.	Advertising Trainees
	(C) was cooking	Are you young, bright and eager to have
(B) cooked	(D) were cooking	a career in Advertising and Communications?
o		We need people to plan and create advertising
	the paper when I interrupted	Campaigns . We will train you. No experience
him.		Is necessary, but you must have a perfect
(A) read	(C) was reading	Knowledge of English.
(B) reads	(D) were reading	
		Send your resumé , and in 100 words in English,
10Did you watch TV last night?		Hand-writing, explaining your abilities and why
	I was studying for a test.	We should choose YOU , to
(A) Yes, I did		
(B) Yes, I was	(D) No, I wasn't	"Training for jobs", Caixa Postal 66208 (O Estado de S. Paulo)
11. I rememb	ber you. You to go to school	22. O anúncio procura um profissional
here.	~	(A) para a área de planejamento e criatividade.
(A) use	(C) were using	(B) que saiba falar, pelo menos, 100 palavras em Inglês.
(B) used	(D) were used	(C) para a área de propaganda.
	. <i>.</i>	(D) que já tenha experiência e não precisa ser treinado.

- 23. O curriculum que o candidato deverá mandar precisa ser
- (A) datilografado.
- (B) escrito à mão.
- (C) extenso.

(D) bem escrito e em Português.

Texto 2

The Sinking Tower of Pisa

After centuries it still stands, a marble monument to human fallibility. The tower's builders underestimated the softness of the soil <u>underneath</u> it, but every year roughly 1 million tourists come from all over the world to **witness** the result of the mistake. And every year the 54,5 meter Tower of Pisa tilts another millimeter or so toward disaster. The structure now stands 4,86 meters out of plumb , and last week a group of scientists and engineers urged that landmark be closed to tourists before someone **gets hurt**.

The Italian government is **weighing** the risk of injury while experts try to work out a plan to save the tower. That could take years and cost millions of dollars. Still, no one wants the monumental mistake to come to its natural conclusion.

(Newsweek)

24. A Torre de Pisa é feita de

- (A) mármore.
- (B) cimento.
- (C) concreto.
- (D) tijolos.

25. A torre de Pisa é visitada por de pessoas todos os anos.

(A) mais de 1 bilhão

- (B) cerca de 1 milhão
- (C) apenas 1 milhão
- (D) aproximadamente 1 bilhão

26. O problema da inclinação da Torre de Pisa(A) está no cálculo errado realizado na época de sua construção.

(B) reside na sua estrutura mal-acabada.

(C) está no material que foi empregado na sua construção.

(D) está no solo onde ela foi erguida.

27. A tradução, no infinitivo dos três verbos assinalados em negrito no texto é, respectivamente:

(A) assistir / lembrar-se / considerar.

- (B) vislumbrar / ferir-se / justificar.
- (C) testemunhar / machucar-se / pesar.
- (D) maravilhar-se / mudar de idéia / ater-se.

- 28. No texto, a palavra <u>UNDERNEATH</u> significa
 (A) abaixo.
 (B) inclinação.
 (C) de lado.
- (D) acima.

Texto 3

Was my face RED!

My husband and I keep several horses, and a couple of years ago my husband invited a horse-loving coworker and his wife to visit our little "farm". They arrived with a camera and took plenty of pictures during their visit.

The following weekend, the couple invited us to their house to show us their snapshots. Unfortunately, I forgot my reading glasses and as I shuffled through the stack of photos, I commented, "The horses look great, but I look as fat as an World War II tank!".

"Oh, really?" our hostess replied with an unmistakable chill in her voice. "That isn't you in that picture, it's me. "I'll never leave my house without my glasses again !

(The National Enquirer)

29. Quais são os "personagens" do texto que você acabou de ler ?

(A) Dois casais, sendo que apenas um gosta de cavalos.

(B) Um casal e seus dois filhos.

(C) Dois casais, sendo que ambas as esposas são tremendamente míopes.

(D) Dois casais, sendo que os maridos são colegas de trabalho.

- 30. Quem escreve o texto?
- (A) O marido que gosta de tirar fotos.
- (B) A esposa que recebeu o casal em seu sítio.
- (C) O marido que gosta de equitação.

(D) A esposa que comprou óculos novos, com os quais não enxerga bem.

- 31. Quem cometeu uma gafe no texto?
- (A) O dono do sítio.
- (B) A pessoa que bateu as fotos.
- (C) A esposa que visitou o sítio, pois era míope.
- (D) A esposa do dono do sítio