

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVES

COMPARATIVE: Use **"than"** com **"more"** ou **"er"** para fazer comparativos com adjetivos e advérbios.

SUPERLATIVES: Use **"the"** e **"most"** para fazer comparativos com adjetivos e advérbios.

REGRA 1 : Adicione **"er"** para palavras com apenas uma sílaba para comparação e **"est"** para superlativo.

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVES - SHORT SYLLABLES.

Short - shorter - shortest

Nice - nicer - nicest

Sweet - sweeter - sweetest

She is shorter than me

She is the shortest in my family

Mônica is nicer than Bob.

Mônica is the nicest.

This candy is sweeter than the other.

This candy is the sweetest.

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVES - MULTI SYLLABLES.

Difficult - **more** difficult - **most** difficult.

Interesting - **more** interesting - **most** interesting.

Interested - **more** interested - **most** interested

This games is **more** difficult **than** I thought.

This games is **the most** difficult.

This book is **more** interesting **than** the last one I read.

This book is **the most** interesting.

My sister is **more** interested about her studies **than** my brother.

My sister is **the most** interested about studies in my family.

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVES - ADVERBOS QUE CONOTEM TEMPO.

Fast- faster - fastest

Late - later - latest

Early - earlier- earliest

Use “er” para comparação e “est” para superlativo.

Her car is faster than mine.

This car is the fastest.

I woke up later than yesterday.

Today was the day I woke up the latest.

I usually wake up earlier than my brother.

I am the one who wakes up the earliest in my family.

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVES - ADVERBOS (ly) MULTI SYLLABLES.

Beautiful - **more** beautifully - **most** beautifully.

Normal- **more** normally- **most** normally

She draws even **more** beautifully **than** I thought.

This draw was **the most** beautifully done in the contest.

She is **more** normally seen on the weekends **than** during the week.

She is normally seen **the most** on the weekends.