

AULA 4
FORMAS VERBAIS

TEORIA

Além da estrutura afirmativa, os tempos verbais podem assumir diferentes formas: negativa, interrogativa e “short answers”.

1. THE PRESENT TENSES – AFFIRMATIVE / NEGATIVE

AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE
I work. He works. They work.	I don't work. He doesn't work. They don't work.
I am working. He is working. They are working.	I am not working. He isn't working. They aren't working.
I have worked. He has worked. They have worked.	I haven't worked. He hasn't worked. They haven't worked.
I have been working. He has been working. They have been working.	I haven't been working. He hasn't been working. They haven't been working.

2. THE PRESENT TENSES – INTERROGATIVE / SHORT ANSWERS

INTERROGATIVE	SHORT ANSWERS
Do I work? Does he work? Do they work?	Yes, you do. / No you don't. Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. Yes, they do. / No, they don't.
Am I working? Is he working? Are they working?	Yes, you are. / No you aren't. Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.
Have I worked? Has he worked? Have they worked.	Yes, you have. / No you haven't. Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't. Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
Have I been working? Has he been working? Have they been working?	Yes, you have. / No you haven't. Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't. Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.

3. THE PAST TENSES – AFFIRMATIVE / NEGATIVE

AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE
I worked. He worked. They worked.	I didn't work. He didn't work. They didn't work.
I was working. He was working. They were working.	I wasn't working. He wasn't working. They weren't working.
I had worked. He had worked. They had worked.	I hadn't worked. He hadn't worked. They hadn't worked.
I had been working. He had been working. They had been working.	I hadn't been working. He hadn't been working. They hadn't been working.

4. THE PAST TENSES – INTERROGATIVE / SHORT ANSWERS

INTERROGATIVE	SHORT ANSWERS
Do I work? Does he work? Do they work?	Yes, you do. / No you don't. Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't. Yes, they do. / No, they don't.
Am I working? Is he working? Are they working?	Yes, you are. / No you aren't. Yes, he is. / No, he isn't. Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.
Have I worked? Has he worked? Have they worked.	Yes, you have. / No you haven't. Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't. Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
Have I been working? Has he been working? Have they been working?	Yes, you have. / No you haven't. Yes, he has. / No, he hasn't. Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.

5. THE FUTURE TENSES – INTERROGATIVE / SHORT ANSWERS

AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE
I will work. He will work. They will work.	I won't work. He won't work. They won't work.
I will be working. He will be working. They will be working.	I won't be working. He won't be working. They won't be working.
I will have worked. He will have worked. They will have worked.	I won't have worked. He won't have worked. They won't have worked.
I will have been working. He will have been working. They will have been working.	I won't have been working. He won't have been working. They won't have been working.

6. THE FUTURE TENSES – INTERROGATIVE / SHORT ANSWERS

INTERROGATIVE	SHORT ANSWERS
Will I work? Will he work? Will they work?	Yes, you will. / No, you won't. Yes, he will. / No, he won't. Yes, they will. / No, they won't.
Will I be working? Will he be working? Will they be working?	Yes, you will. / No you won't. Yes, he will. / No, he won't. Yes, they will. / No, they won't.
Will I have worked? Will he have worked? Will they have worked?	Yes, you will. / No you won't. Yes, he will. / No, he won't. Yes, they will. / No, they won't.
Will I have been working? Will he have been working? Will they have been working?	Yes, you will. / No you won't. Yes, he will. / No, he won't. Yes, they will. / No, they won't.

EXERCÍCIOS

- (UFMA) “*Nowadays the press _____ almost daily reports on various ecological disasters.*”
a) publish
b) to publish
c) publishes
d) published
e) publishing
- (UFMA) “*The negative form of “John studies English” is*”
a) John doesn't studies English.
b) John don't study English.
c) John studyn't English.
d) John doesn't study English.
- (UFC) “*Where _____ the bomb _____?*”
a) do – explode
b) does – explodes
c) has – explode
d) did – exploded
e) did – explode
- (UFS) “*Bill _____ in a dormitory. He has a private room.*”
a) lives
b) doesn't live
c) don't live
d) has lived
e) will live
- (UNESP) “*Have you _____ my Uncle Jack?*”
a) not meet
b) meets
c) meeting
d) met
e) meet