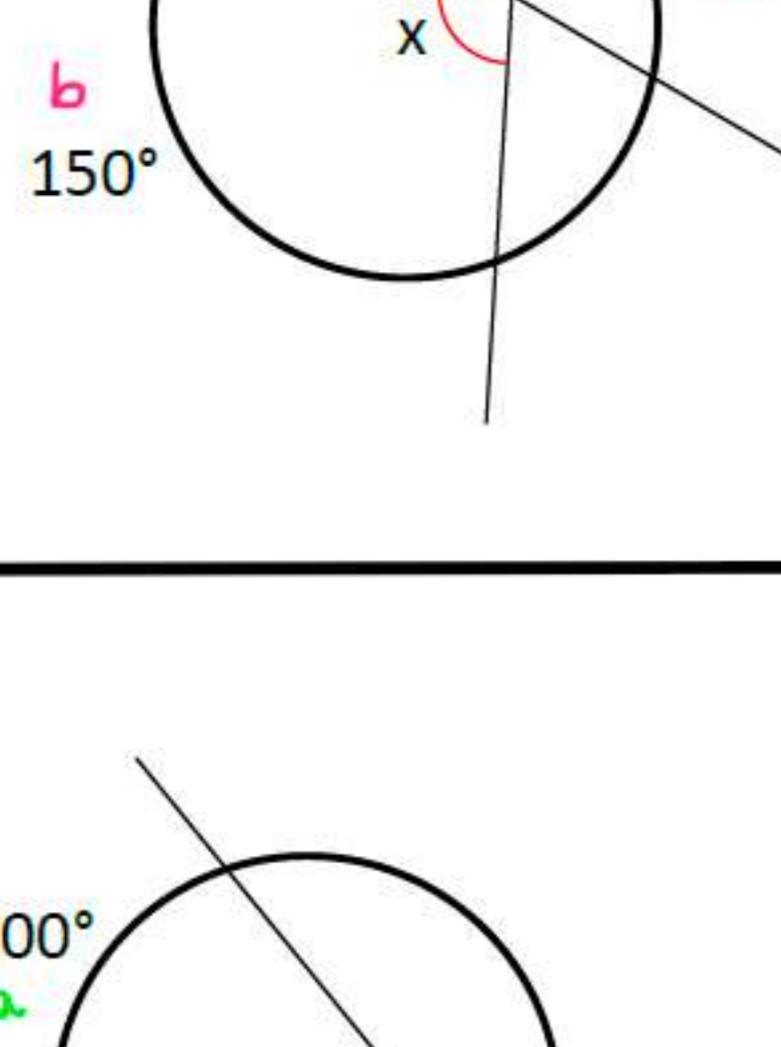


Determine o valor do ângulo  $x$  em cada caso:

1.



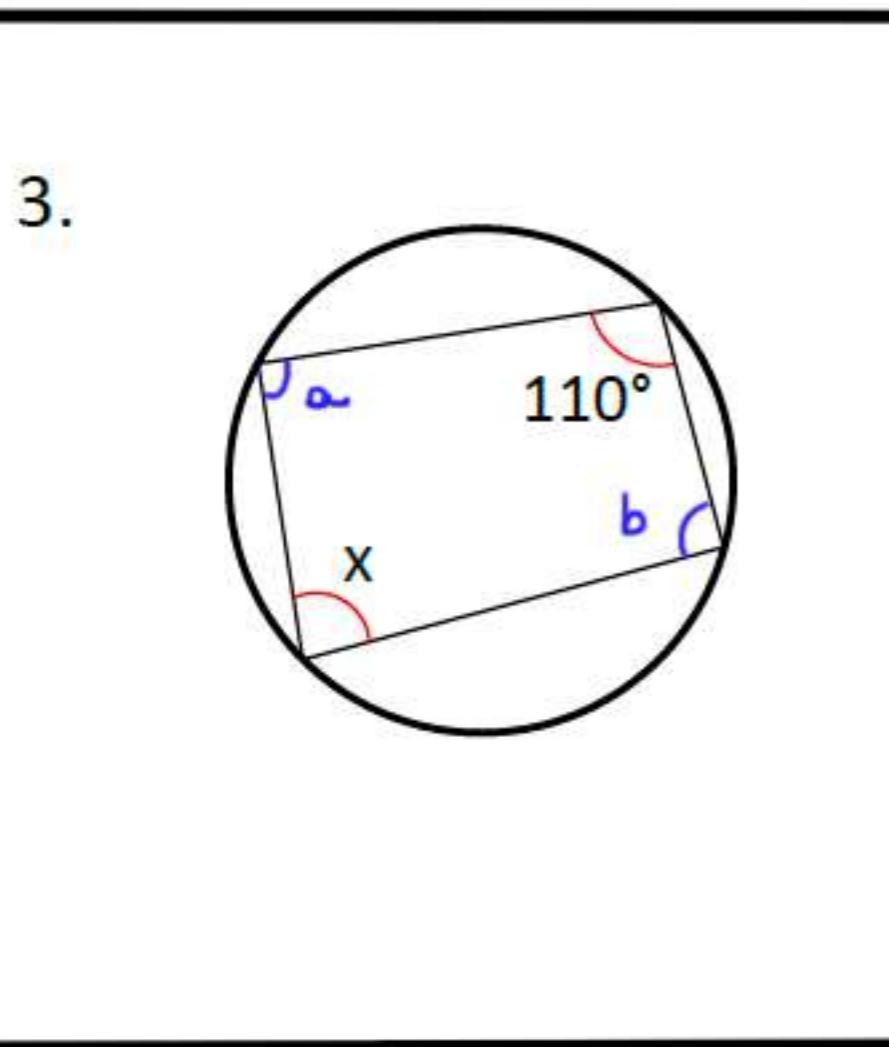
$x = \text{ângulo exêntrico interno}$

$$x = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{150^\circ + 50^\circ}{2}$$

$$x = 100^\circ$$

2.



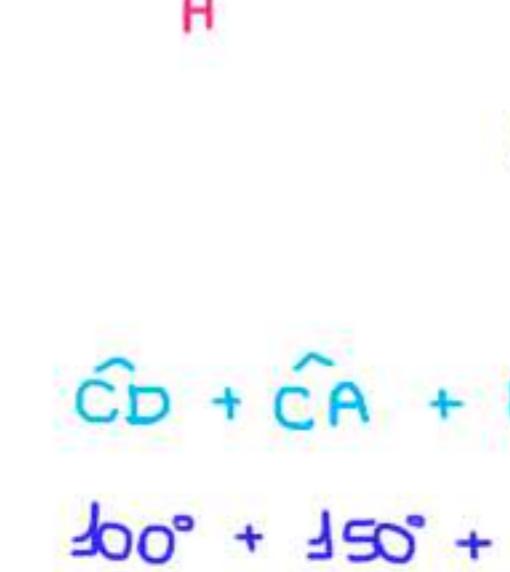
$x = \text{ângulo exêntrico externo}$

$$x = \frac{b-a}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{100^\circ - 50^\circ}{2}$$

$$x = 25^\circ$$

3.



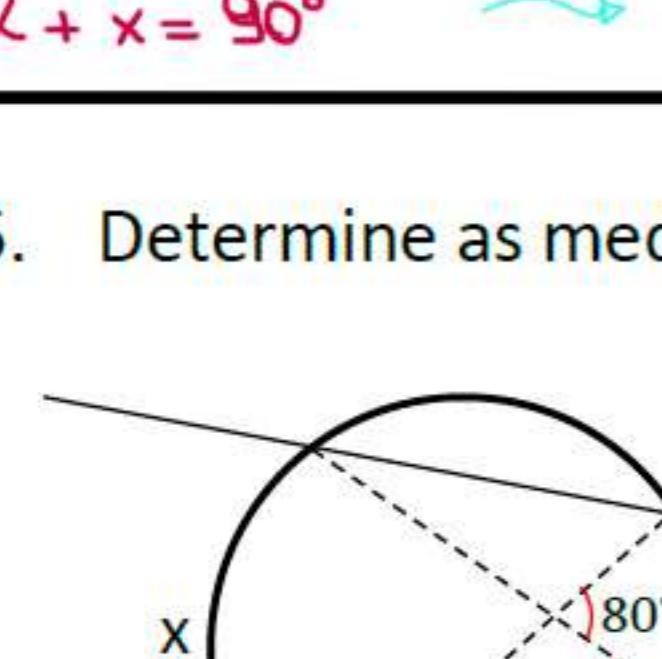
$x \in 150^\circ$  não são ângulos suplementares

$$a+b=180^\circ \quad \text{e} \quad x+150^\circ=180^\circ$$

$$x = 180^\circ - 150^\circ$$

$$x = 30^\circ$$

4.



$$\alpha + x = 90^\circ$$

$$\widehat{AB} = 180^\circ$$

$$\widehat{CD} = 100^\circ$$

$$\frac{\widehat{CA} + 0^\circ}{2} = 75^\circ \rightarrow \widehat{CA} = 150^\circ$$

$$\widehat{CD} + \widehat{CA} + \widehat{AD} = 360^\circ$$

$$100^\circ + 150^\circ + \widehat{AD} = 360^\circ \rightarrow \widehat{AD} = 110^\circ$$

$$\widehat{AD} + \widehat{DB} = 180^\circ$$

$$110^\circ + \widehat{DB} = 180^\circ \rightarrow \widehat{DB} = 70^\circ$$

$$+\begin{cases} x + y = 90^\circ \\ x - y = 50^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$2x = 210^\circ$$

$$x = \frac{210^\circ}{2}$$

$$2x + 0y = 210^\circ$$

$$x + y = 160^\circ$$

$$105^\circ + y = 160^\circ$$

$$y = 160^\circ - 105^\circ$$

$$x = 105^\circ$$

$$y = 55^\circ$$

5.



• ângulo exêntrico interno

$$\frac{x+y}{2} = 80^\circ \rightarrow x+y = 160^\circ$$

• ângulo exêntrico externo

$$\frac{x-y}{2} = 25^\circ \rightarrow x-y = 50^\circ$$

$$x + y = 160^\circ$$

$$105^\circ + y = 160^\circ$$

$$y = 160^\circ - 105^\circ$$

$$x = 105^\circ$$

$$y = 55^\circ$$

6.



$$3x = 30^\circ$$

$$x = \frac{30^\circ}{3} = 10^\circ$$

$$10^\circ$$



$$x = 50^\circ$$

$$50^\circ$$