

AULA 10
PRONOMES RELATIVOS

TEORIA

Os “Relative Pronouns” conectam orações diferentes fazendo com que as ideias nelas expressas complementem-se, evitando assim repetições desnecessárias.

A speleologist is a scientist.

• Oração 1

This scientist explores caves.

• Oração 2

A speleologist is a scientist who explores caves

1. APLICAÇÃO DOS PRONOMES RELATIVOS

Os “Relative Pronouns” obedecem as seguintes regras de aplicação:

PRONOME	USO
WHO	Refere-se a pessoas e exerce a função de sujeito. “An astronaut is a person <u>who</u> travels in space.”
WHOM	Refere-se a pessoas e exerce a função de objeto. “That’s the boy with <u>whom</u> I play football.”
WHICH	Refere-se a animais e coisas. “Microsoft is a company <u>which</u> sells software.”
WHOSE	Refere-se a pessoas, animais e coisas e implica posse. “This is the lawyer <u>whose</u> client lied in court.”
THAT	Refere-se a pessoas, animais e coisas e substitui “who” e “which” “I’m writing about people <u>that</u> commit crimes.”

2. OMISSÃO DO PRONOME RELATIVO

A omissão do pronome relativo em inglês é possível se não existir uma preposição antes e não existir um verbo depois.

EXEMPLOS

“The woman whom I saw is very poor.”

“The woman I saw is very poor.”

“The book which I was reading is a detective story.”

“The book I was reading is a detective story.”

“He is the mechanic that I was talking about.”

“He is the mechanic I was talking about.”

Atenção: Não é possível omitir o “WHOSE”.

3. USO DO “WHICH” PARA FAZER REFERÊNCIA A UMA ORAÇÃO

É possível usar pronome relativo “WHICH” para fazer referência a uma oração inteira.

EXEMPLOS

I like to listen to loud music, which annoys my family.

He offered to help me, which was very kind of him.

Susie failed the test, which surprised us.

Atenção: Não é possível usar o “THAT”

EXERCÍCIOS

1. (EEAR 2013) Choose the correct alternative to fill in the blank.

Once upon a time there was a young girl _____ lived near the forest with her mother and father. She was pretty, nice and kind. So everybody loved her very much.

- a) who
b) which
c) whom
d) whose

2. (EEAR 2017) Choose the alternative that contains the right use of the relative pronoun, in order to write the two sentences below as a single sentence:

That is the teacher. I spoke to her about my grades.

- a) That is the teacher to whom I spoke to about my grades.
b) That is the teacher to who I spoke to about my grades.
c) That is the teacher to whom I spoke about my grades.
d) That is the teacher who I spoke about my grades.

3. (EEAR 2019) Choose the alternative that best completes the blank in the text:

The film, _____ is directed by J. J. Abrams and continues the interstellar saga of Luke Skywalker, Princess Leia and Han Solo some 30 years after the events of “Return of the Jedi” (1983), is also a launching pad for two young actors who are barely half as old as the “Star Wars” franchise itself.

- a) whose
b) which
c) where
d) who

4. (EEAR 2018) Fill in the blank with the correct pronoun.

An archeologist is a man _____ work is the study of ancient things.

- a) whose
b) which
c) how
d) who

5. (EEAR 2015) The word “who”, underlined in the text, can be replaced by.

A new University of Michigan study reports that men who have been drinking are 50 percent more likely to experience a serious injury during a car accident than sober passengers.

- a) whose.
b) which.
c) whom.
d) that.