

TURMA ESPECIAL - EPCAR

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In Masai culture, when you really want to honor a woman, you refer to her as the mother of her oldest daughter. So last week, when a group of Masai schoolgirls in northern Tanzania held up a sign saying KARIBU MAMA CHELSEA, it meant more than just "Welcome Chelsea's mom". Hillary and Chelsea Clinton, on a good-will tour trip of several African countries, understood the compliment. They also understood that the sheltered First Daughter is developing a fan club of her own. Mrs. Clinton quickly noted that the Masai girls may enjoy talking to someone "more active than her mother," and Chelsea took floor with ease. Asked about the problem of American youth, she mentioned the drug abuse and the "hopelessness and cynicism" that plague many of her fellow teenagers. "The solutions ultimately have to come from the youth people themselves," Chelsea concluded confidently. "We are the future, and we make of our future what we make of it."

- 1) The honor to a woman is to
- a) refer to the daughter of her mother's.
- b) have the same of her daughter's name.
- c) be referred to as her daughter's mother.
- d) be called by the name of her daughter's.
- 2) A lot of young people in the USA
- a) believe in the future with great hope.
- b) are drug addicted and feel little hope.
- c) will follow Chelsea's solutions themselves.
- d) believe that a plague will get the teenagers
- 3) In the text Chelsea:
- I- uses the floor to sit down.
- II- made many questions about the problems in the USA.
- III- creates a shelter in a fan club of her own.
- IV- was asked about young Americans' problems.
- V- said the Clintons can make the future.
- a) Only one sentence is true.
- b) Only two sentences are true.
- c) Only two sentences are false.
- d) Four of the sentences are true.
- 4) In the fragment "you refer to <u>her</u> as the mother of <u>her</u> oldest daughter", the underlined words are, respectively:
- a) Object Pronoun Possessive Pronoun
- b) Object Pronoun Possessive Adjective
- c) Possessive Pronoun Possessive Adjective
- d) Possessive Adjective Object Pronoun

A scientific exhibition was taking place in Philadelphia in 1876. There were many important guests and judges. Among them, D. Pedro II, Emperor of Brazil, the most important guest. There were lots of electrical apparatuses for the judges to see. So, they decided to postpone the

examination of the inventions that could not be seen that day. Alexander Graham Bell was one of the exhibitors. Mr. Bell felt that he had wasted his time bringing his telephone. The judges began to disperse. Suddenly Emperor D. Pedro say Mr. Bell and recognized him. They had already met once in a school for deaf and dumb in Boston. "Mr. Bell, how are the deaf-mutes in Boston?" asked the Emperor. "They are very well, Your Majesty. I dare tell thee that I have an exhibit here." The Emperor decided to see it and the judges followed him. When D. Pedro heard Mr. Bell's voice from another room, coming out of the iron-box receiver, he exclaimed surprised, "It talks!" The judges approached to confirm what the Emperor had said. All of them became surprised. Mr. Bell's invention was saved. "Thanks to D. Pedro" wrote A.G. Bell - "I went to bed the night before as an unknown man, and woke up to find myself famous." (Adapted from Our Wonderful World)

- 5) What did D. Pedro have to do with the invention of the telephone?
- a) He asked Graham Bell to see his invention because they were close friends.
- b) He wanted to see the invention of Graham Bell who he had already known, after the judges had decided to postpone the new inventions examinations.
- c) He helped Graham Bell to invent the telephone since they had met before in a special school.
- d) He was the first person to test the invention and admit it really worked.
- 6) What did the judges do after they had seen Graham Bell's invention working? They
- a) got amazed and believed it was a good invention.
- b) went to see the invention only because it was D. Pedro who had gone to check it.
- c) asked Graham Bell to demonstrate the invention to them.
- d) felt curious about the invention and went to test it.
- 7) In the text we have some irregular verbs in the Simple Past Tense: WAS SAW HAD THOUGHT TOOK. The infinitive form of these verbs are respectively:
- a) am / see / has / thank / taking
- b) be / see / have / think / take
- c) is / seen / has / thinks / taken
- d) are / sees / have / thinking / takes

Once upon a time, suspicious husbands and wives called in private detectives to check on a cheating spouse. But in today's high-tech world, where the Internet fuels online chatting and many affairs, a market for electronic spying has developed. Web sites describe a variety of products that can be used for tracking a spouse's e-mails and online chats, including a great variety of vehicle trackers and computer spying programs. Founded by a California man whose wife of 23 years left him after meeting a man online, Chatcheaters.com averages 400

visitors (mostly women) a day. (Adapted from Online Detectives, Speak Up, # 202, mar. 2004)

- 8) Mark the option that shows the correct statements according to the reading:
- I Spying activities have improved as well as the technology.
- II Chatcheaters is a web site that concerns unfaithful matters.
- III The new is a result of a wife who was left for a younger woman.
- IV The Internet has become a way of finding partners.
- a) All the statements are correct.
- b) Only statements I and II are correct.
- c) Only statement III is correct.
- d) Statements II and III are incorrect.
- 9) The underlined expressions from the text (once upon a time and but) mean, according to the context, respectively:
- a) something happened a long time ago / opposite information
- b) repeated action / connecting phrases
- c) at the same time / explaining why
- d) sometimes but not often / showing surprise
- 10) In the sentence "Web sites describe a variety of products that can be used for tracking", the underlined verb gives an idea of:
- a) Ability
- b) permission
- c) capacity
- d) possibility
- "During the Trojan War, the Greeks hid inside a big wooden horse to trick their enemies into letting _____ inside the city of Troy. The trick was successful and once the horse was inside the city gates, _____ jumped out and caught the Trojans by surprise." (by Longman Dictionary of Culture)
- 11) According to the paragraph above, mark the option which contains the appropriate words that complete the gaps and whom they are referring to respectively.
- a) them / they (the soldiers)
- b) they / themselves (the Greeks)
- c) they / they (the Wooden Horse)
- d) them / he (the Trojans)
- 12)The text says that
- a) inside the city there was a horse which caught the soldiers by surprise.
- b) the Greeks hid themselves inside the horse in order to catch their enemies by surprise.
- c) the Trojans were caught by surprise because the Wooden Horse was hidden inside the city.
- d) surprisingly, the trick was successful because the Trojans were caught during the war by the hidden Wooden Horse.