

Problema proposto:

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = \rho_1 \cdot \rho_2 \cdot (\cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + i \cdot \text{sen}(\theta_1 + \theta_2))$

$\frac{z_1}{z_2} = \frac{\rho_1}{\rho_2} \cdot (\cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + i \cdot \text{sen}(\theta_1 - \theta_2))$

$z^n = \rho^n \cdot (\cos n\theta + i \cdot \text{sen} n\theta)$

Expresse na forma trigonométrica o produto $z_1 z_2$:

1.

$z_1 = 3 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{5} + i \text{sen} \frac{\pi}{5} \right) \quad z_1: \rho = 3 \text{ e } \theta = \frac{\pi}{5}$

$z_2 = 4 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{5} + i \text{sen} \frac{2\pi}{5} \right) \quad z_2: \rho = 4 \text{ e } \theta = \frac{2\pi}{5}$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \left[\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{2\pi}{5} \right) + i \cdot \text{sen} \left(\frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{2\pi}{5} \right) \right]$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 12 \cdot (\cos 3\pi/5 + i \cdot \text{sen} 3\pi/5)$

2.

$z_1 = 6 \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{10} + i \text{sen} \frac{3\pi}{10} \right) \quad z_1: \rho = 6, \theta = \frac{3\pi}{10}$

$z_2 = 5 \left(\cos \frac{2\pi}{10} + i \text{sen} \frac{2\pi}{10} \right) \quad z_2: \rho = 5, \theta = \frac{2\pi}{10}$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 6 \cdot 5 \left[\cos \left(\frac{3\pi}{10} + \frac{2\pi}{10} \right) + i \cdot \text{sen} \left(\frac{3\pi}{10} + \frac{2\pi}{10} \right) \right]$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 30 \cdot (\cos \pi/2 + i \cdot \text{sen} \pi/2)$

3.

$z_1 = 5(\cos 30^\circ + i \text{sen} 30^\circ) \quad z_1: \rho = 5, \theta = 30^\circ$

$z_2 = 2(\cos 60^\circ + i \text{sen} 60^\circ) \quad z_2: \rho = 2, \theta = 60^\circ$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot [\cos(30^\circ + 60^\circ) + i \cdot \text{sen}(30^\circ + 60^\circ)]$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 10 (\cos 90^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 90^\circ)$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 10(0 + 1i)$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 = 10i$

4. Calcule $z_1 z_2 z_3$, sendo dados:

$z_1 = 2 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{5} + i \text{sen} \frac{\pi}{5} \right); \quad z_1: \rho = 2, \theta = \pi/5$

$z_2 = \sqrt{3} \left(\cos \frac{3\pi}{5} + i \text{sen} \frac{3\pi}{5} \right) \quad z_2: \rho = \sqrt{3}, \theta = 3\pi/5$

e $z_3 = 2\sqrt{3} \left(\cos \frac{6\pi}{5} + i \text{sen} \frac{6\pi}{5} \right). \quad z_3: \rho = 2\sqrt{3}, \theta = 6\pi/5$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot z_3 = 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 2\sqrt{3} \left[\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{3\pi}{5} + \frac{6\pi}{5} \right) + i \cdot \text{sen} \left(\frac{\pi}{5} + \frac{3\pi}{5} + \frac{6\pi}{5} \right) \right]$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot z_3 = 12 \cdot (\cos 3\pi/5 + i \cdot \text{sen} 3\pi/5)$
 $\hookrightarrow \cos 2\pi = 1 \quad \hookrightarrow \text{sen} 2\pi = 0$

$z_1 \cdot z_2 \cdot z_3 = 12$

Dado $z = \sqrt{2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \text{sen} \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$, calcule as potências:

5. $z^2 =$

$z: \rho = \sqrt{2}, \theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$z^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 \cdot (\cos 2 \cdot \pi/4 + i \cdot \text{sen} 2 \cdot \pi/4)$

$z^2 = 2 (\cos \pi/2 + i \cdot \text{sen} \pi/2)$

$z^2 = 2 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot i \cdot 1$

$z^2 = 2i$

6. $z^5 =$

$\rho = \sqrt{2}, \theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$

$z^5 = (\sqrt{2})^5 \cdot (\cos 5 \cdot \pi/4 + i \cdot \text{sen} 5 \cdot \pi/4)$

$z^5 = 4 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot (\cos 5\pi/4 + i \cdot \text{sen} 5\pi/4)$

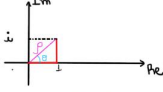
$z^5 = 4\sqrt{2} \cdot (-\sqrt{2}/2 - i \cdot \sqrt{2}/2)$

$z^5 = -4 - i4$

$5\pi/4 = 225^\circ$
 $\cos 225^\circ = -\sqrt{2}/2$
 $\text{sen} 225^\circ = -\sqrt{2}/2$

Calcule:

7. $(1+i)^8 =$



$\rho = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} \rightarrow \rho = \sqrt{2}$

$\theta = \text{tg}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{1} \right) \rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ$

$z = \sqrt{2} \cdot (\cos 45^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 45^\circ)$

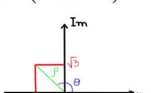
$z^8 = (\sqrt{2})^8 \cdot (\cos 8 \cdot 45^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 8 \cdot 45^\circ)$

$z^8 = 16 \cdot (\cos 360^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 360^\circ)$

$z^8 = 16 \cdot (1 + i \cdot 0)$

$z^8 = 16$

8. $(-1 + \sqrt{3}i)^3 =$



$\rho^2 = (-1)^2 + \sqrt{3}^2 \rightarrow \rho = \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \rho = 2$

$\theta = \text{tg}^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{-1} \right) \rightarrow \theta = 120^\circ$

$z = 2 \cdot (\cos 120^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 120^\circ)$

$z^3 = 2^3 \cdot (\cos 3 \cdot 120^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 3 \cdot 120^\circ)$

$z^3 = 8 \cdot (\cos 360^\circ + i \cdot \text{sen} 360^\circ)$

$z^3 = 8 \cdot (1 + i \cdot 0)$

$z^3 = 8$

Dados:

$Z = 6 \left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{6} + i \text{sen} \frac{5\pi}{6} \right); W = 3 \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + i \text{sen} \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$

$z: \rho = 6, \theta = 5\pi/6$

$w: \rho = 3, \theta = \pi/4$

Calcule:

9. $\frac{z}{w}$

$\frac{z}{w} = \frac{6}{3} \left[\cos \left(\frac{5\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) + i \cdot \text{sen} \left(\frac{5\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right]$

$\frac{z}{w} = 2 \cdot (\cos 7\pi/12 + i \cdot \text{sen} 7\pi/12)$

10. $\frac{w}{z}$

$\frac{w}{z} = \frac{3}{6} \left[\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{5\pi}{6} \right) + i \cdot \text{sen} \left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{5\pi}{6} \right) \right]$

$\frac{w}{z} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\cos -7\pi/12 + i \cdot \text{sen} -7\pi/12)$
 $2\pi - \frac{7\pi}{12} = \frac{17\pi}{12}$

$\frac{w}{z} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (\cos 17\pi/12 + i \cdot \text{sen} 17\pi/12)$