

MÓDULO 5

1. Complete the gaps with one of these words or phrases:

since – much as – as soon as –

as though – to some extent – in case –

however – in order to – considering – as long as

a) I like John, I can't support him on this issue.

b) hard he tried, he still couldn't understand the computer manual.

c) They took ice-axes with them they needed to cut steps in the ice.

d) We have nothing to fear from our enemies we keep our nerve.

e) that this is John's first competition, he has achieved a very respectable score.

f) He became an American citizen promote his business interests.

g) 'It looks the same man committed both crimes', said Inspector Morse.

h) While I accept your arguments, I cannot support the action you are taking.

i) '..... the enemy crosses the stream, open fire!', said the captain.

j) I knew the mountain path like the back of my hand, I was able to travel at a fast pace.

2. Complete the gaps with one of these words and phrases:

as if – whenever – anywhere –

everywhere – for fear that – the same way –

seeing that – directly – no matter – by the time

a) they heard the bell, the penguins rushed to the edge of the pool.

b) You have to dismantle the radio as the instructor did.

c) he looked, the Health Inspector found grease and grime.

d) He hung his food high up in the trees the bears would steal it during the night.

e) you've already done an initial training course, you needn't come to the pre-course induction.

f) You can pitch your tents you like.

g) how much money the gangsters offered him, the judge refused to take a bribe.

h) He behaved he thought he was being followed.

i) he came to, night had fallen and he found himself alone in the desert.

j) he heard the good news, he phoned his parents.

3. Complete the sentences with one of the following:

last – at last – at least – late – latest – least –
last but not least – eventually – in the end – at the end

- a) He tried, without success to trace his long-lost brother but,, after several years he gave up.
- b) I must add that we are also grateful to Mrs. Hibberd for allowing us to use the school, and, I'd like to thank Mrs. Roberts for providing us with such delicious food.
- c) This is the version of this highly successful model.
- d) You can tell by the engine number that this was the _ Ford Capri to roll off the production line.
- e) of the interview he was asked to wait outside the room.
- f), he persuaded the squirrel to sit on his hand and eat nuts.
- g) In the circumstances, the he can do is apologise.
- h) 'You are not just,,' said the headmaster. 'You are the boy to arrive!'
- i) 'Home!' said Elizabeth as she stepped over the threshold.
- j) A house in this area will cost_100,000.

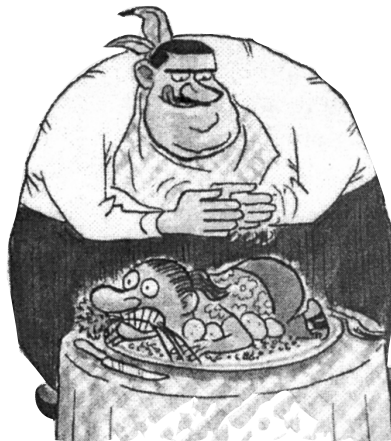
MÓDULO 6

(ITA-2009) –

Bife de lomo, or bean sprouts?

BUENOS AIRES

The discreet rise of vegetarianism in the carnivorous capital of the world



VISITORS to Palermo, a well-heeled neighbourhood of Buenos Aires, are used to having their hair primped to perfection and their body fat measured. That goes both for the humans who frequent the trendy boutiques and spas and for the prize Aberdeen Angus

cows that arrive at the agricultural show held there every July. This year, the visiting ranchers are preoccupied by the beef industry's informal pessimism index – the share of young cows that farmers slaughter for meat rather than keep for breeding. It has recently hit a three-decade high, owing to recession, drought and government price-controls. To add culinary insult to economic injury, vegetarianism is spreading in Argentina.

In the world's most carnivorous country, vegetarians used to be a tiny band of masochists. But when the economy collapsed in 2002, a recently formed Argentine Vegetarian Union gained members, and veggie restaurants sprouted. The main reason is cost. Vegetarian restaurants have lower overheads since they don't need freezers, says Marisa Ledesma, one of the owners of Bio Restaurante, a smart eatery.

Now the economy is in recession once again. That seems to have led more omnivores to abandon meat, says Roberto Moyano, the manager of La Esquina de las Flores, the capital's oldest vegetarian restaurant. And as they munch soya steaks, diners relish new evidence of the health benefits of eating less red meat.

This year, the industry reckons, the average Argentine will get through 57 kilos of beef. That is down from 68 kilos last year, but it still means many more asados than the 41 kilos scoffed by Uruguayans, the world's second-biggest beef-eaters. Barrel-bellied carnivores are still the norm, and vegetarianism remains an isolated gesture of gastronomic defiance. Your correspondent recently came across a note scribbled on a paper napkin in a Palermo café which read: "In Argentina vegetarians are for eating."

The Economist, de 8/8/2009.

1. De acordo com o texto:

I. O crescimento do índice de vegetarianos tornou os moradores de Palermo mais saudáveis.

II. O modo de vida dos vegetarianos é bem visto pelos argentinos.

III. A adesão a hábitos vegetarianos é consequência do custo da carne vermelha.

IV. Bio Restaurante e La Esquina de las Flores são os principais restaurantes vegetarianos da Argentina.

Está(ão) correta(s)

- a) apenas a I. b) apenas a II. c) apenas a III.
d) apenas a IV. e) todas.

2. De acordo com o texto:

I. Palermo pertence a uma região rica, cercada por fazendas de gado.

II. A cidade de Palermo sedia um evento anual de agropecuária no mês de julho.

III. Há muitos vegetarianos em Palermo.

Esta(ão) correta(s)

- a) apenas a I. b) apenas a II.
c) apenas a III. d) apenas I e II.
e) todas.

3. Assinale a opção INCORRETA.

a) O aumento do número de vegetarianos na Argentina coincide com o advento da crise econômica no país no início desta década.

b) O texto associa mudanças de hábitos alimentares na Argentina a problemas econômicos no país.

c) Embora o vegetarianismo esteja em ascensão na Argentina, o país ainda é o maior consumidor de carne do mundo.

d) Itens como recessão, seca e controle de preços por parte do governo levaram os pecuaristas argentinos a criar o índice de pessimismo informal no setor.

e) Apesar da queda no consumo, em 2009, argentinos ainda consumirão mais carne do que uruguaios.

4. Assinale a opção em que o termo da coluna II **NÃO** pode substituir o termo da coluna I no texto.

I	II
a) <i>well heeled</i> (parágrafo 1)	<i>wealthy</i>
b) <i>sprouted</i> (parágrafo 2)	<i>appeared</i>
c) <i>overheads</i> (parágrafo 2)	<i>expenses</i>
d) <i>munch</i> (parágrafo 3)	<i>chew</i>
e) <i>diners</i> (parágrafo 3)	<i>meals</i>

5. Leia o seguinte período extraído do texto:

Vegetarian restaurants have lower overheads since they don't need freezers, says Marisa Ledesma, one of the owners of Bio Restaurante, a smart eatery. (parágrafo 2).

Assinale a opção que pode substituir o termo *since* sem que o sentido da oração seja comprometido.

- a) *as* b) *thus* c) *moreover*
d) *until* e) *although*

■ Módulos 5 e 6

The role of women in Spanish society has changed fast since the country became a democracy after General Franco died in 1975. He had swept away liberal reforms introduced in the 1930s, when Spain was a republic. For women specifically, these included a benevolent divorce law and certain property rights. In the 1930s many women played a big part on the left, often fighting side by side with men in the pro-Republic militias during the 1936-39 civil war. But after it the new regime, for the most part applauded by the church, put them back in the home as wives and mothers, with divorce forbidden and working outside frowned on. Change began in the 1960s when Spain opened up to tourists. Faced with competition from sexually liberated north Europeans, Spanish women “declared war on them, on men and on their elders”, in the words of Lucia Graves, author of “A Woman Unknown”, which recounts her life as an Englishwoman married to a Spaniard at the time. That aggressive self-assertion continues. Not wholly successfully. At universities, women students now outnumber men. A typical couple has one or two children these days, a far cry from the days when families of eight or ten were common.

But Spanish women still face the problems of their sisters in northern Europe. Their progress at work is often blocked, their pay often lower than men’s.

The Economist

1. According to the passage, since 1975
- the role of left-wing Spanish women has changed quite fast.
 - the new regime has faced problems when bringing about changes in the role of Spanish women.
 - there have been changes in the role of Spanish women.
 - Spanish women have played an important part in the government's adoption of reformist policies.
 - many Spanish women have assumed the role of social reformers.

2. The passage states that
- most of the liberal reforms introduced in the 1930s were approved by the church.
 - liberal reforms introduced when Spain was a republic were abolished under Franco's regime.
 - many Spanish women fought in the pro-Republic militias in the early 1930s.
 - all liberal reforms introduced when Spain was a republic benefited women.
 - Spanish women obtained a benevolent divorce law and certain property rights after Franco died.

3. The passage tells us that after the civil war
- divorced women were not allowed to work outside.
 - the church prohibited wives and mothers from working outside.
 - most women continued to fight for liberal reforms.
 - many women were unwilling to work outside.
 - Spain was under a regime that no longer allowed divorce.

4. Which of these statements is true according to the passage?
- Although tourists helped Spain to develop in the 1960s, Spanish women declared war on them.
 - Spanish women rebelled against north European tourists who married Spaniards in the nineteen sixties.
 - Tourists started visiting Spain in the nineteen sixties, after the country underwent changes.
 - For Spanish women, the arrival of sexually liberated north Europeans in the 1960s was most unwelcome.
 - In the 1960s, sexually liberated Spanish women had to compete with their north European counterparts.

5. The passage tells us that Lucia Graves
- portrays what her own life was like in the nineteen sixties in "A Woman Unknown".
 - wrote a book about the problems she faced after marrying a Spaniard.
 - depicts the war declared by Spanish women before Spain opened up to tourists in her book.
 - recounts the life of Spanish women after the civil war in "A Woman Unknown".
 - was a very aggressive English writer married to a Spaniard.

6. Which of the following statements does NOT reflect the situation in Spain now, according to the passage?
- A family of eight is quite unusual.
 - Female workers are seldom paid higher wages than male ones.
 - Despite their gains, Spanish women have not achieved total success.
 - There are roughly equal numbers of male and female students at universities.
 - Spanish women are quite self-assertive.

respostas dos exercícios-tarefa

■ Módulos 5 e 6

1) C

2) B

3) E

4) D

5) A

6) D