

FRENTE: INGLÊS

PROFESSOR(A): ANQUISIS MOREIRA

## EAD – ITA/IME

### AULA 13

ASSUNTO: PRONOMES REFLEXIVOS, RECÍPROCOS, DEMONSTRATIVOS E OUTROS PRONOMES



### Resumo Teórico

REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS	DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS	OTHER WORDS
Reflects the action	Reference	Reference
MYSELF	THIS	THE FORMER
YOURSELF	THAT	THE LATTER
HIMSELF	THESE	ONE
HERSELF	THOSE	ONES
ITSELF		
OURSELVES		
YOURSELVES		
THEMSELVES		

- We use reflexive pronouns when the subject and the object of a clause are the same. The subject acts and suffers the action of the verb. In this case, the pronoun should be placed after the verb or after the preposition that follows the verb.  
**Ex.:** Getulio Vargas killed **himself** with a bullet to his heart.  
The teacher hurt **herself** while trying to fix the window of the room.
- Reflexive pronouns are also used to emphasize the subject or the object of the verb. In this case, the pronoun should be placed right after the subject or at the end of the clause. When emphasizing the object, the pronoun should be placed after the object, which is normally at the end of the sentence.  
**Ex.:** The girl **herself** wrote the final speech.  
The girl wrote the final speech **herself**.  
The girl wrote the final speech **itself**.
- When used with the preposition **by**, reflexive pronouns mean 'alone' or 'without help'.  
**Ex.:** The children travelled to Disneyland **by themselves**.  
Jack and I painted the whole classroom **by ourselves**.
- There are some actions such as **shave, wash, get dressed** and **dry** that we usually describe without reflexives, but which can be described with reflexives for special emphasis if, for example, the action is difficult.  
**Ex.:** My grandfather used to get up, shave, shower, get dressed and make breakfast for the whole family.  
But since his terrible accident, he can't shave **himself** or even dress **himself** without somebody's help.

- We can use the reciprocal pronouns **each other** and **one another** with no difference in meaning. We use reciprocal pronouns instead of reflexives when the same action or feeling goes both ways between two or more people or things.

**Ex.:** The President and The Vice President seem to hate **each other**.

The boy and the girl kissed **one another** and everybody got very happy.

#### DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS

- The demonstrative pronouns **this** (singular) and **these** (plural) are used for things near or closely connected to the speaker.  
**Ex.:** **This** book here in my hand belonged to Professor Willis.  
I prefer **these** grapes here on **this** shelf.  
They look softer.
- The demonstrative pronouns **that** (singular) and **those** (plural) are used for things which are further away.  
**Ex.:** Look to your right. **That** is Mr. Baker and **those** are his two beautiful daughters.  
Can you see **that** box on the top shelf of the wardrobe? Can you reach it for me?
- We can use demonstratives to make a contrast between what is close in time (**this, these**) and what is further away in time (**that, those**).  
**Ex.:** **This** is the most important year of your lives. Enjoy it.  
I remember **those** days when I had to study for my ITA/IME exams.

#### OTHER WORDS

- "Former"** refers to the first of two persons or things. **"Latter"** refers to the second of two persons or things.  
**Ex.:** ITA and IME are considered the best engineering schools in Brazil. **The former** is connected to the Air Force and **the latter** is connected to the Army.  
Red and blue are popular colors, but **the latter** is more popular.
- One** and **Ones** are words used as pronouns to avoid the repetition of singular and plural nouns respectively.  
**Ex.:** I bought three books last Saturday. The **one** I liked most is written in English.  
Megan has many friends, but she likes the **ones** who live in her neighborhood.



## Exercícios

01. Fill the gaps with each other, *ourselves*, *yourselves* or *themselves*.

- A) They spent the whole evening arguing with \_\_\_\_\_.
- B) Their house is very beautiful; they designed it \_\_\_\_\_.
- C) Mary met John in April, but they didn't see \_\_\_\_\_ again until July.
- D) They're not friends; in fact, they don't like \_\_\_\_\_ at all.
- E) Don't ask me to help you. You must do it \_\_\_\_\_.
- F) We didn't buy it \_\_\_\_\_. A friend bought it for us.
- G) I could hear two people shouting at \_\_\_\_\_.
- H) We're working in the same office now, so Ron and I see \_\_\_\_\_ everyday.

02. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate pronouns:

Dear Debbie,  
How are you? Lisa and I are having a marvelous holiday. We are really enjoying \_\_\_\_\_.  
We brought three tubes of suntan cream with \_\_\_\_\_ and we've used \_\_\_\_\_ all up already. Lisa is a bit annoyed because her suntan isn't as good as \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) ourselves – we – them – mine
- B) ourselves – us – them – mine
- C) us – us – they – my
- D) us – we – themselves – mine
- E) ourselves – ourselves – they – my

03. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

Here is some money. Go and buy \_\_\_\_\_ some decent clothes.

- A) myself
- B) herself
- C) themselves
- D) himself
- E) yourself

04. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

People should know about \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) yourself
- B) herself
- C) himself
- D) themselves
- E) yourselves

05. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate pronoun.

I took my husband to the airport \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) himself
- B) oneself
- C) myself
- D) herself
- E) yourself

06. Marque a alternativa que completa corretamente a sentença abaixo:

Mr. Dean's secretary was ill yesterday, so he had to type the letters \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) yourself
- B) themselves
- C) himself
- D) herself
- E) itself

07. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

Those two women always help \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) other each
- B) each other
- C) one other
- D) other one
- E) another each

08. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

I cut \_\_\_\_\_ with a knife.

- A) myself
- B) me
- C) yourself
- D) itself
- E) himself

09. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate pronouns:

His sister \_\_\_\_\_ told me that the children amused \_\_\_\_\_ very much at the Zoo yesterday.

- A) himself – herself
- B) herself – themselves
- C) himself – itself
- D) herself – himself
- E) themselves – themselves

10. Which is the correct form?

- A) Himself the king wrote the letter.
- B) The king himself wrote the letter.
- C) The king wrote the letter for herself.
- D) The king wrote the himself letter.
- E) The king wrote herself the letter.

11. Pelé and Maradona are two famous footballers. \_\_\_\_\_ scored over 1,000 goals. \_\_\_\_\_ had problems with drugs.

- A) The latter / The former
- B) The former / The latter
- C) The first / The later
- D) The former / The later
- E) The latter / The first

12. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

\_\_\_\_\_ news you're giving me is devastating.

- A) A
- B) These
- C) Those
- D) That
- E) This



13. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

Little Brian is very smart. He already knows how to wash \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) himself
- B) yourself
- C) –
- D) itself
- E) yourselves

14. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

The two girls often wear \_\_\_\_\_ clothes.

- A) each other
- B) each other's
- C) themselves
- D) themselves'
- E) one's another

15. Fill in the blank with the appropriate pronoun:

Everyone in the group shook hands with \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) each other
- B) one other
- C) one the other
- D) themselves
- E) yourselves

## Gabarito

<b>01</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>05</b>
–	B	E	D	C
<b>06</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>09</b>	<b>10</b>
C	B	A	B	B
<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>
B	E	A	B	A